ROADEF/EURO 2014 Challenge Trains don't vanish!

Rolling stock unit management on railway sites

François RAMOND

(SNCF / Innovation & Research Department)

Christian ARTIGUES, Eric BOURREAU, VINCENT JOST, SAFIA KEDAD-SIDHOUM (ROADEF Challenge team)

Marc SEVAUX

(EURO representative)

EURO XXVI Conference – 1-4 July 2013 – ROME



SNCF Group: main figures

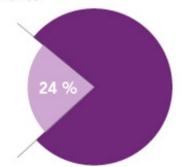
- Historically, French national railways company
- Today one of the leading group of sustainable mobility worldwide

250,000 employees in 120 countries.

€2.3 bn

investment in 2012.







€33.8 bn





SNCF Group: 5 divisions



GEODIS SVE CO

SNCF INFRA

Renovation & construction Includes Sferis and Eurailscout

Projects and engineering Systra

Rail traffic Direction de la Circulation Ferroviaire (DCF⁽¹⁾)

SNCF PROXIMITÉS

TER (regional express transport by rail and road)

Transilien (rail transport for Greater Paris)

INTERCITÉS (standard mediumandlong-distance trains)

Keolis (urban and suburban transport)

SNCF VOYAGES

High-speed passenger rail operators

- TGV
- iDTGV
- OUIGO
- Eurostar
- Thalys - TGV Lyria
- DB/SNCF en coopération
- NTV
- Elipsos
- TGV Italie
- Westbahn

Long-distance coach travel

- iDBUS

SNCF GEODIS

Geodis

STVA

Rail freight (TFM)

- Fret SNCF
- Captrain
- VFLI
- VIIA
- Multi-modal transport business

Gestionnaires d'actifs

- Ermewa
- Akiem

GARES & CONNEXIONS

Station management & development in France

Multi-disciplinary operations-building and outfitting facilities

- AREP
- Parvis
- A2C









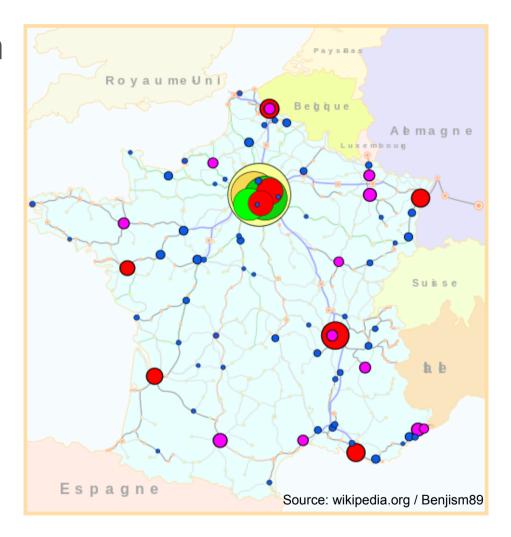
Operations Research at SNCF

- Long story
 - First OR studies in the 60s
- A great variety of problems
 - Rolling stock unit rostering
 - Workforce scheduling
 - Maintenance optimization
 - **—** ...
- Two dedicated teams
 - Innovation & Research
 - -IT



Major train stations ...

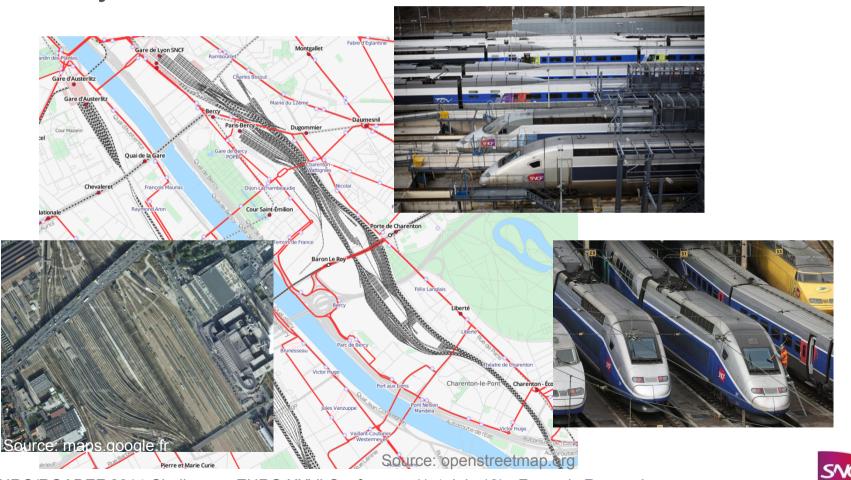
- 15 stations > 10 million passengers / year
 - 6 in Paris, others in large French cities
 - Gare du Nord: ~200million / year
 - Highest traffic in Europ,
 2nd in the world





... associated with major railway sites ...

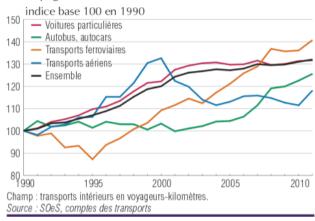
... generally surrounded by maintenance facilities and yards



... close to saturation

- Traffic increased significantly in recent years
 - Projections forecast further increase
- Some tracks are closed in urban areas
 - Industrial areas converted into new constructions

Évolution des volumes de transports intérieurs de voyageurs de 1990 à 2011



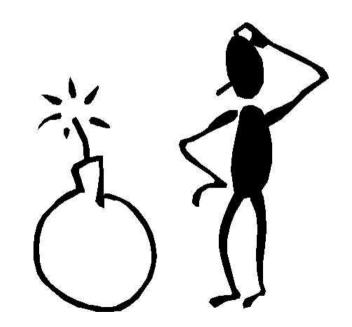






And NOW

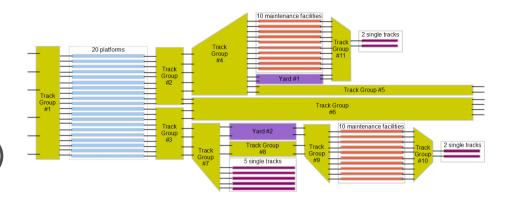
The problem itself!





Overview of the problem

- Resources: tracks within a local perimeter
 - Train station
 - Maintenance facilities
 - Yards
 - Tracks (moves, parking)



- Trains
 - Entering the system (Arrivals)
 - Exiting (Departures)



Overview of the problem

- Maintenance
 - Distance / time before maintenance of each arriving train
 - Requirements (distance / time) for each departure
 - Maintenance operations
 - Type D or T
 - Can be performed only on maintenance facilities
- Joint-arrival and joint-departures
 - Assembled trains coming / leaving together
 - disassemble trains





Transitions between resources

- Tracks are linear resources
 - Two sides : A and B
- Gates to enter/exit a resource
 - At most one on each side for "individual" tracks
 - A1; B1
 - No restriction for yards and track groups
 - As many gates as tracks : A1, ..., An ; B1, ..., Bm
 - One gate to be chosen among all possibilities
 - Ordered on each side of the resource
 - Physical position of tracks





- Platform
 - Tracks in train station
 - Required for arrival and departures
 - Boarding / unboarding of passengers
 - At most one entry point on each side





- Maintenance facility
 - Track dedicated to operations either on distance or on time
 - At most one entry point on each side





Single track

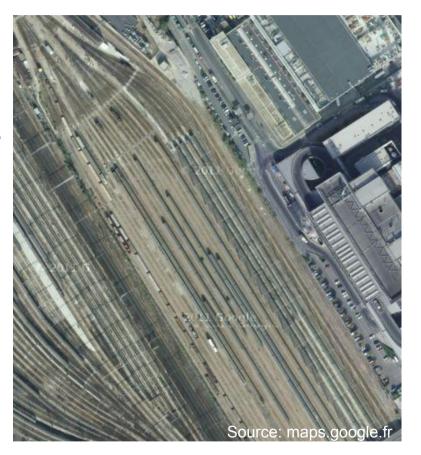
- Track outside station with no particular dedication
- May be used for parking or to perform some moves
- At most one entry point on each side





Yard

- Set of tracks dedicated to storage of trains
- Potentially a few entry points on each side
- Capacity: number of trains
- No internal details provided





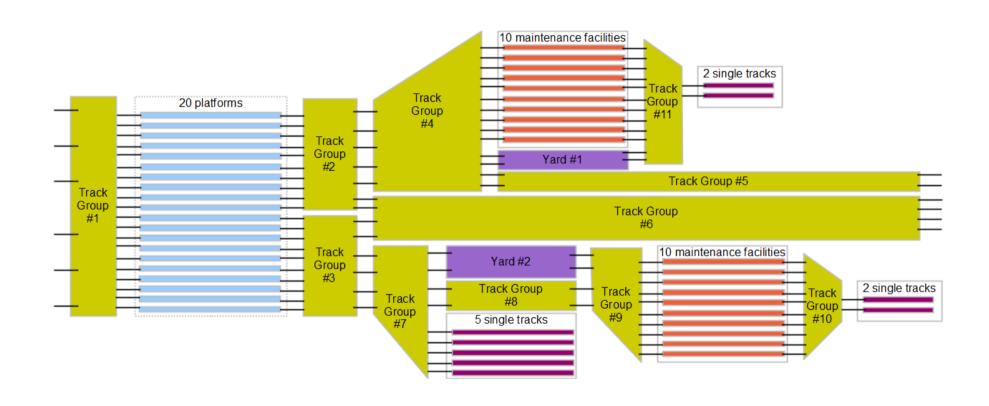
- Track group
 - Set of tracks dedicated to train moves
 - Potentially a few entry points on each side
 - No internal detail provided
 - Fixed travel time
 - Headway time: minimum time between two trains on intersecting paths
 - No reverse allowed







System: composed of all types of resources





Expected solutions

- Over a *n*-day horizon (up to 2 weeks)
- Propose a schedule for each train
 - Train: visit in the system of a rolling stock unit
 - Either linked with an arrival
 - Or initially in the system
- Schedule of t
 - List of events associated with t
 - Enter/exit system
 - Enter/exit resource
 - Begin/end operation



Train	Time	Event type	Resource Gate	Complement	Train	Time	Event type	Resource	Gate	Complement
Train9 Train9 Train9 Train9 Train9 Train9 Train9 Train9 Train9	d ₂ 07:35:00 d ₂ 07:38:00 d ₂ 09:02:00 d ₂ 09:02:00 d ₂ 09:04:00 d ₂ 09:04:00 d ₂ 09:09:00 d ₂ 09:09:00	BegJunction EndJunction ExitResource EnterResource ExitResource EnterResource ExitResource ExitResource ExitResource	Yard5 Yard5 Yard5 Yard5 B3 TrGroup7 B1 TrGroup7 A2 TrGroup8 A1 TrGroup8 B2 Facility1 A1	Train9+Train12 Train1+Train9+Train12	Train12	d ₂ 07:35:00 d ₂ 07:38:00 d ₂ 09:02:00 d ₂ 09:02:00 d ₂ 09:04:00 d ₂ 09:04:00 d ₂ 09:09:00 d ₂ 09:09:00	BegJunction EndJunction ExitResource EnterResource ExitResource EnterResource ExitResource ExitResource ExitResource	Yard5 Yard5 Yard5 Yard5 TrGroup7 TrGroup8 TrGroup8 Facility1	B3 B1 A2 A1 B2 A1	Train9+Train12 Train1+Train9+Train12
Train9	$\begin{array}{c} d_2 \ 09:09:00 \\ d_2 \ 11:09:00 \\ d_2 \ 11:45:00 \\ d_2 \ 11:50:00 \\ d_2 \ 11:50:00 \\ d_2 \ 11:50:00 \\ d_2 \ 12:20:00 \\ d_2 \ 12:20:00 \\ d_2 \ 12:20:00 \\ d_2 \ 12:25:00 \\ d_2 \ 12:25:00 \end{array}$	BegMaintenance EndMaintenance ExitResource EnterResource ExitResource EnterResource Departure ExitResource EnterResource EnterResource ExitResource ExitResource ExitResource ExitResource	Facility1 Facility1 Facility1 Facility1 A1 TrGroup8 B3 TrGroup8 A8 Platform14 Platform14 Platform14 TrGroup9 A2 TrGroup9 B2 TrGroup9	"D" "D" Departure35	Train12 Train12 Train12 Train12 Train12 Train12 Train12 Train12 Train12 Train12 Train12	$\begin{array}{c} d_2\ 09:09:00\\ d_2\ 11:09:00\\ d_2\ 11:45:00\\ d_2\ 11:50:00\\ d_2\ 11:50:00\\ d_2\ 12:20:00\\ d_2\ 12:20:00\\ d_2\ 12:20:00\\ d_2\ 12:25:00\\ d_2\ 12:25:00\\ \end{array}$	BegMaintenance EndMaintenance ExitResource EnterResource ExitResource Departure ExitResource EnterResource ExitResource EnterResource ExitResource ExitResource ExitResource ExitResource	Facility1 Facility1 Facility1 TrGroup8 TrGroup8 Platform14 Platform14 Platform19 TrGroup9 TrGroup9	A1 B3 A8 A1 A1 A2 B2	"D" "D" Departure36
	Train1 Train1 Train1 Train1	d_2 07:10:00 d_2 07:23:00 d_2 07:23:00 d_2 07:35:00	ExitResourc EnterResour BegJunction	e TrGroup6 ce Yard5 Yard5	A3 A2	Train1				/ Input data
	Train1 Train1 Train1 Train1	d ₂ 07:38:00 d ₂ 09:02:00 d ₂ 09:02:00 d ₂ 09:04:00	EndJunctior ExitResourc EnterResour ExitResourc	e Yard5 ce TrGroup7	B3 B1 A2		+Train9+Tra -Departu			Decisions
	Train1 Train1 Train1 Train1	d_2 09:04:00 d_2 09:09:00 d_2 09:09:00 d_2 09:09:00	EnterResour ExitResourc EnterResour BegMainten	e TrGroup8 ce Facility1	A1 B2 A1		n input da			Decisions
	Train1 Train1 Train1	d_2 11:09:00 d_2 11:45:00 d_2 11:45:00	EndMainten ExitResourc EnterResour	ance Facility1 e Facility1 ce TrGroup8	A1 B3	"D"				
	Train1 Train1 Train1 Train1	d_2 11:50:00 d_2 11:50:00 d_2 12:20:00 d_2 12:20:00	ExitResourc EnterResour Departure ExitResourc	ce Platform14 Platform14	A8 A1	Depar	ture34			
	Train1 Train1 Train1	$\begin{array}{c} d_2 \ 12:20:00 \\ d_2 \ 12:25:00 \\ d_2 \ 12:25:00 \end{array}$	EnterResour ExitResourc ExitSystem	ce TrGroup9 e TrGroup9 TrGroup9	A2 B2	42) 5	ooie Dewest 1			SNCF
EURO/ROADEF 2014 Challenge - EURO XXVI Conference (1-4 July 13) - François Ramond										

Main decisions to make

Assign

- A platform for each arrival/departure
- A train for each departure
- A suitable resource for each operation (maintenance, junction/disjonction)
- Operations performed by trains
 - Maintenance
 - Junction/disjunction
- At which time
 - Trains move from one resource to another one
 - Trains start operations



Objectives

- Lexicographic multi-objective evaluation
 - 1. Min number of uncovered departures
 - 2. Min number of conflicts and yard overload
 - 3. Min operational cost
 - Over-maintenance cost
 - Junction/disjunction cost
 - Platform usage
 - Non-satisfied preferred platform assignment cost
 - Non-satisfied train reuse cost



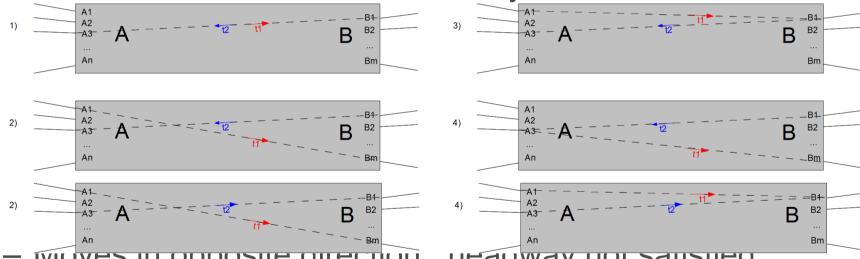
Main types of constraints

- Schedule properties
 - Enter/exit resources, transitions between resources
 - Duration of operations
- Assignment
 - Trains to departures
 - Maintenance requirements for departures
- Resource usage
 - Limited capacities / length of tracks
 - Train order
- Assembled trains
 - Train position on platform



Conflicts between two moves

- No conflict if paths do not intersect
 - E.g.: A1-B1 and A6-B3 can be performed simultaneously
- Otherwise, conflicts detected in 2 cases:
 - Moves in same direction, headway not satisfied



- Moves in opposite direction, headway not satisfied



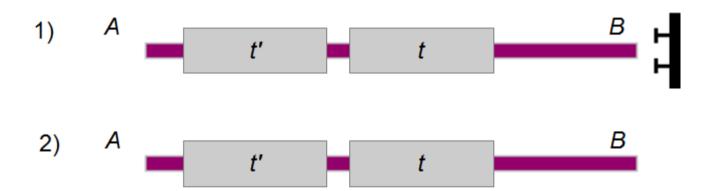
Track groups

- Conflict detection: simplified model
 - No internal representation
 - Number of tracks, location of switches, signaling...
 - No perfect correspondence with conflicts that occur in practice
 - Only estimation of situations to avoid
 - Some situations with conflicts could be feasible in practice
 - Absence of conflicts does not mean 100% of moves are feasible



Position of trains on individual tracks

Order of enter/exit of trains must be consistent





Your software, in practice

- Input: each instance composed of several csv files
 - Arrivals
 - Departures
 - Resource description
 - Compatibilities
 - Preferences
 - General parameters (costs, horizon)
 - **—** ...
- Output: one csv file
 - Schedules of all trains
 - Sorted by train, then by event time







Typical volume of data

- Number of days in the horizon: 1 to 14.
- Initial trains: 10 to 100.
- Arrivals: 50 to 500 per day.
- Departures: 50 to 500 per day.
- Train categories: 1 to 10.
- Single tracks: 0 to 50.
- Platforms: 10 to 50.
- Maintenance facilities: 5 to 50.
- Track groups: 5 to 20.
- Yards: 1 to 5.





Your software, in practice

- Allowed computation time: 10 mn
 - From executable launch to output file generation
- Checker can be used to evaluate solutions
 - Provided early September
 - Evaluates
 - Feasibility of solutions
 - Objective functions
 - Open Source
 - Evaluation made transparent
 - Inconsistancies between problem description and checker (if any) can be detected and reported to SNCF via the forum dedicated to this challenge



Conclusion

- Industrial problem with real issues to solve
 - Integrated approach
 - Rich model, broad range of possibilities
 - Nasty constraints: be smart!
- Prospective approach
 - In practice, problem divided into many sub-problems, solved sequentially (and mostly manually) at SNCF
 - No internal tool to compare with
 - Analysis of solutions by experts: changes might be introduced at the end of qualification

